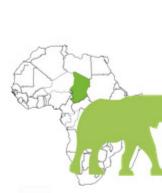


To see the complete video of the release of the gazelles in the Termit and Tin-Toumma Nature Reserve,

CLICK HERE







NIGER TERMIT TIN-TOUMMA

NATURE RESERVE

TCHAD CONGO BINDER-LÉRÉ CONKOUATI-DOULI WILDLIFE RESERVE NATIONAL PARK

HIGHLIGHTS



3 dorcas gazelles were taken alive from the hands of poachers by the Departmental Directorate of Tanout, and were released by our teams in the reserve, about 60 km from the Termit Massif. 6 specific cages for the transport of live dorcas gazelles were made. Thanks to Blaise Gbetolancy and the team for these cages!

More than 18,000 camels were vaccinated and dewormed in the Termit and Tin-Toumma Nature Reserve: 33 herders' camps were mobilized to participate in this animal health program. Anti-diarrheal sachets and antibiotics were administered in some cases.





Thanks to the commissioning of a new solar-powered borehole, the inhabitants of Tesker have access to drinking water at

home. Technically, it should be noted that there is no battery, the water accumulates in the water tower during the sunny hours of the day, assuring a continuous



redistribution. the Binder-Léré Wildlife Reserve. The Minister and other authorities also handed out the diplomas to the freshly trained law



enforcement agents of the reserve.



The terrestrial surveillance system has been reorganized and field efforts reinforced for the protection of the Binder-Léré Wildlife Reserve through the acquisition of 8 motorcycles, the purchase of 3 cameratraps, and the reorganization of GFF (Forestry and Wildlife Guards) surveillance

TERMIT TIN-TOUMMA NATURE RESERVE

PROGRESS PER SITE

MANAGEMENT AND INFRACTRUCTURE • After a complicated period, due to the presidential elections, the Ramadan fasting, extreme seasonal heat and movements of Chadian opponents in the periphery of the reserve, during which the building of the future headquarters was delayed, the construction work was fully resumed. • 6 specific cages for the transport of live dorcas gazelles were manufactured, in accordance with CITES recommendations. • In each of the 12 vehicles of the reserve a VHF (very high frequency) radio has been installed.



LAW ENFORCEMENT

Above: deworming and vaccination of camels, cattle and small ruminants in the Reserve

• 124 man-days of patrolling by the reserve team were carried out in Termit & Tin-Toumma. • 3 dorcas gazelles, taken alive from poachers by the Departmental

of Termit and Tin-Toumma.

- Directorate of Tanout, were released in the reserve by our teams. A Partnership Agreement was signed with the Regional Directorate of the Environment of Agadez. The purpose of this agreement is the participation of the Agadez region in the protection of the periphery of the reserve, starting from January 2022. This signature took place during the World Day to Combat Desertification. The Anti-Poaching mentor, Etienne Bombled, has begun the evaluation of the 53 law enforcement agents seconded to the reserve, in order to determine the areas in which appropriate training could strengthen their
- **FOCUS ON AN ENDANGERED SPECIES**

CARACAL (Caracal Caracal) The caracal, nicknamed the desert



rocks from which it ambushes.

Climber and an outstanding jumper, the caracal measures between 60 and 91 cm long and weighs between 6 and 19 kg. It is found in the steppes of the Near and Middle East, and in all the arid regions of Africa. Generally speaking, the animal prefers open areas with low bushes and

lynx, belongs to the order of carnivores and the felid family.

Depending on the region, its diet consists of deer, chamois, springbok, antelope, rabbit, daman, squirrel, marten, marmot, mouse, vole, bird, monkey, reptile or fish. In times of scarcity, the carnivore may be satisfied with insects, snails, lizards, grapes or grass. If the opportunity arises, it can attack sheep and

poultry to meet its needs estimated at a minimum of 800g of meat per day. A nocturnal animal, the caracal often travels alone, sometimes in pairs or in groups. Large carnivorous mammals such as lions, leopards, cheetahs, hyenas and wolves are its main predators. The feline is widespread in Africa and is therefore classified as "minor concern" by the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN). Rather optimistic, we await however the confirmation of the presence of this species in the Natural Reserve of Termit and Tin-Toumma.



• A ten-day mission took place in the Termit massif, in order to carry out a follow-up of barbary sheep and dama gazelles, to complete the evaluation

of the 2021 reproduction of oricou vultures, and to scout for a location to position camera traps for the follow-up of the last cheetahs of the Sahara.

as needed.

COMMUNITIES DEVELOPMENT • A veterinary mission focussing on the camel population of the reserve was carried out, led by the reserve's community support team: 33 herders' camps were mobilized. 446 camels, 8 cattle and 38 small ruminants

were de-wormed. 18,447 camels, 64 cattle and 323 small ruminants were vaccinated. Anti-diarrheal sachets and antibiotics were administered

• The work, monitored and financed by Noé, to install a new solar-powered borehole in Tesker, has been completed. The prefecture, located on the outskirts of the reserve, now benefits from a new supply of drinking water. • The evaluation mission of 11 "terroir" contracts, some of them dating

- back several years, was completed. This mission took teams throughout the reserve and to all the communities (Toubou, Arabs, Peuls and Touaregs), in order to gather their observations on the content and implementation of these contracts. • Launching of rehabilitation work on the Dongoumi and Kaltouma wells was initiated. Particular attention will be paid to the conservation of the external appearance of the 400 year old Dongoumi well.
- 31 out of the 48 students enrolled by Noé at the GRYK boarding school in Zinder returned to the reserve during the summer vacations (the others will have to wait for the end of the July exams). • A contact took place with the Regional Direction of National Education, in Zinder in order to move forward with a long-term project to create a nomadic school in the reserve.
- R BINDER LÉRE WILDLIFE RESERVE MANAGEMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE

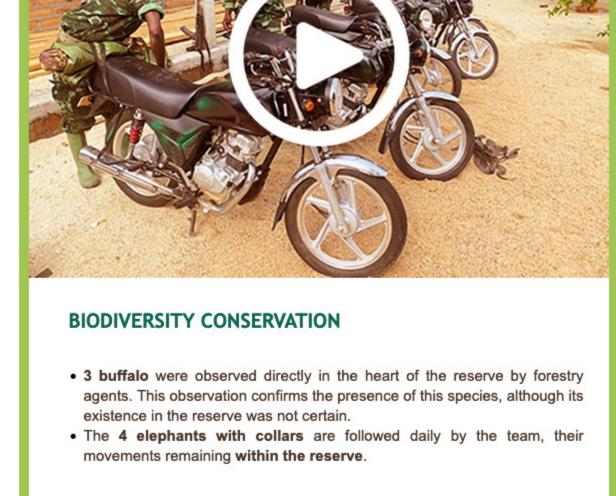
• 8 motorcycles have been purchased to create a rapid intervention motorized patrol. • The costs of renovating the Forestry and Wildlife Guard (GFF) base have been evaluated and contractors identified for a July start date.

- The assessment of the priority site for the implementation of the future Zah Soo National Park (ZSNP) headquarters continues, to determine its configuration during the rainy season and the consequences in terms of layout and accessibility. The Binder management team visited the Sena Oura and Bouba Ndjida
- national parks for three days to exchange lessons learned and methods used (management, anti-poaching, etc.). LAW ENFORCEMENT
- From now on, 2 surveillance patrols are permanently deployed in the • 9 patrols were carried out in June, totalling 167 men/day. Last May, 5 patrols for 102 men/day were carried out. • 33 herdsmen, 3 fishermen and 2 cattle rustlers were apprehended during the patrols.

• 80 edged weapons and 50 bows/quivers were seized, 7 illegal camps were dismantled, and 13 herds of cattle were evacuated from the heart of

• The Forest and Wildlife Guard (GFF) surveillance posts were reorganized

- to improve the deployment of personnel. • 3 camera traps have been purchased to reinforce the surveillance system, and one camera is currently being tested. Below: 8 motorcycles were purchased to reinforce the patrols in the Termit and Tin-Toumma Nature Reserve.



COMMUNITIES DEVELOPMENT • A consultation meeting was held in Binder on June 16 with the **Reconnect** project, implemented by IUCN, and the Delegate for the Environment, to

strengthen synergies for local development and territorial governance.



CONSERVATION ACTORS



How do these missions go?

Léré Wildlife Reserve in Chad. He joined the GFF (Garde Forestière et Faunique) in 2014, and works within Noé today. Planning, patrol organization, leading patrols, are part of his attributions.

STÉPHANE DARNANG BALANG-NAGUET

Stéphane Darnang Balang-Naguet is a Section Chief in the Binder

What is your daily routine in the reserve? I arrive at 6am at the camp, then, in addition to the planning of the patrols, we very often leave on mission. It can be short prospection missions, like one day, or antipoaching patrols of 5 to 8 days.

We see a lot of wildlife! Elephants, antelopes, buffaloes, hyenas, even traces of leopards lately. Of course, we also catch herders and poachers. In the majority of the cases, they flee. Do you have an anecdote to tell? Not a specific moment, but what I always find very funny is that as soon as people

see us, they turn around and run! It's a game of cat and mouse.

What is your favorite animal in the reserve? The gazelle, without hesitation! For its elegant movements. Would you like to add a comment? Yes, I am very happy to have benefited from the LAB (anti-poaching) training given by our captain (Daniel Bost, anti-poaching expert in the reserve), which is very

useful for me. Every day I learn more from him.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

We welcome the arrival of Florence MEMADJI as cook of the Binder Léré Wildlife Reserve in Chad. She replaces a departure on maternity leave.





WELCOME, FLORENCE!







République of Niger



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